Given limited resources for public health services, on what health priorities should the available resources be focused?

**Improved Access to Health Services**

- Medical services for people who receive Medicare (especially North County)
- County clinic services to the uninsured
- Health vans / clinic on wheels
- Assure all children in Santa Barbara County have health care insurance
- Access to uninsured or underinsured for health care
- Access to health care for Hispanic population
- Access to care – including safety net programs for underinsured (medical and dental) (x2)
- Access to services for most vulnerable (homeless and undocumented)
- Improve efficiency of systems of care and access
- Access to clinics and location open to everyone
- Access to treatment – related to the fear of cost and transportation to clinics hospitals
- Access for underserved communities such as Latino, Oaxacan and many with no insurance
- Access (x2)
- Access to primary care for uninsured and underinsured
- Access to affordable services that support health, independence, safety and end of life care, and at risk seniors

**Preventive Services**

- Preventive / wellness services
- Prevention and early detection through education
- Prevention of disease, including those that have the greatest impact fiscally in the county
- Health and mental health prevention, interventions to 4th through 12th grade students
- Prevention/health education for obesity and diabetes and other progressive concerns
- Preventive exams and diabetes clinics (similar to immunization clinics)
- Prevention and wellness
- Focus on preventative care
- Prevention of childhood obesity, physical activity, teen pregnancy, and tobacco usage
- Preventative care for young children and ages 25 – 44, especially in Santa Maria
- Preventative health
- Prevention and early intervention leads to cost management and better health status for everyone
- Prevention and education
- Prevention related to diet related knowledge, food literacy, and access to healthy food

**Providing Health Services to Specific Populations/Specific Health Issues**

- Medi-Cal eligible adults with children receive clinic care, WIC/ Food bank, MCAH, and mental health access, including substance abuse /domestic violence treatment and prevention
- Pregnancy and maternal child health for teen pregnancy
- 0 – 5 population school readiness and health access
- With children 0 – 5 oral health, obesity treatment and prevention, nutrition, asthma care, and mental health
- HIV/AIDS care and treatment
• HIV/AIDS testing education for high risk populations
• Elderly services
• Pregnancy and mothers
• Chronic disease prevention

• Afterschool program
• Fluoride varnish
• Dental care
• Oral health in First 5

**Nutrition and Physical Activity Focus**

• Services for morbid obesity, mental health and alcohol
• Obesity related services related to nutrition
• Prevention through school food education on nutrition, affordable nutritional food, and free physical activity
• Nutrition services
• Organic produce

• Community exercise programs
• Organic gardens for every school in the city
• Access to healthy food
• Input on farm bill, alliance with agriculture local systems, affordable fresh food to consumers and institutions
• Diet and exercise for low income children and their families

**Mental Health Services**

• Inclusion of mental health services
• High risk populations for person with co-occurring mental health and substance abuse issues, homeless persons, and those who represent high costs

• Prevention, education in mental health
• Mental health
• Mental health/substance use services availability

**Environment-Related Services**

• Improve local sanitization of recycled water
• Public Health safety issues (e.g. H1N1, environmental)
• Community improvements (e.g. safe walking routes) especially in low-income areas

• Built environment
• Sustainable environment

**Health Education**

• Education through health care navigators or promoters
• Education for the public to keep the community healthy, especially obesity related and dental care
• Education at earliest possible point (pre-natal)

• Expansion of health education

**How Services Are Provided**

• De-centralize PHD services to satellite clinics so services are in neighborhood areas
• Schools as a hub
• Use schools, neighborhoods, and local gathering places to implement
• Workforce for health professionals
• Culturally sensitive workforce
• Services that cannot be performed by other organizations