Provider Alert
Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)
February 14, 2020

As of February 14, 2020, fifteen cases of COVID-19 have been confirmed within the United States. 8 of those cases in California. **Santa Barbara County has no confirmed cases of COVID-19.**

To assure protection of healthcare workers and rapid identification of suspect cases of COVID-19, the Santa Barbara County Public Health Department (PHD) is advising all providers to take the following actions to screen, report, and test for Novel Coronavirus- COVID-19 infection:

**Step 1: Ensure facility is prepared for COVID-19**
- Review and implement measures in [CDPH Healthcare Facility Preparedness Checklist](#)
- Review and implement [CDC Healthcare Infection Control Guidance](#)

**Step 2: Identify patients who may have respiratory illness caused by COVID-19**
- Place signage ([English/](#)/[Spanish/](#)/Mandarin) and implement a thorough travel history and screening at triage.
- Place surgical mask on all patients that present with respiratory symptoms.

**Step 3: Does the patient meet criteria for evaluation as a Person Under Investigation (PUI) for COVID-19?**
- Screen all patients with respiratory symptoms for travel to/transit mainland China, or contact with suspect case of COVID-19 using PUI criteria below or on CDC webpage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinical Features</th>
<th>&amp;</th>
<th>Epidemiologic Risk</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fever¹ or signs/symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g. cough or shortness</td>
<td>AND</td>
<td>Any person, including healthcare workers, who has had close contact² with a</td>
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<td>of breath)</td>
<td></td>
<td>laboratory-confirmed³,⁴ COVID-19 patient within 14 days of symptom onset</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fever¹ and signs/symptoms of a lower respiratory illness (e.g., cough or shortness</td>
<td>AND</td>
<td>A history of travel from Hubei Province, China⁵ within 14 days of symptom onset</td>
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<td>of breath)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fever¹ and signs/symptoms of a lower respiratory illness (e.g., cough or shortness</td>
<td>AND</td>
<td>A history of travel from mainland China⁶ within 14 days of symptom onset</td>
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<td>of breath) requiring hospitalization⁴</td>
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The criteria are intended to serve as guidance for evaluation. Patients should be evaluated and discussed with public health departments on a case-by-case basis. For severely ill individuals, testing can be considered when exposure history is equivocal (e.g., uncertain travel or exposure, or no known exposure, or no known exposure) and another etiology has not been identified.

¹-³ Refer to the [CDC Evaluating and Reporting Persons Under Investigation (PUI)](#) for definitions of fever, hospitalization, close
contact, and laboratory-confirmed.  

4 Category also includes any member of a cluster of patients with severe acute lower respiratory illness (e.g., pneumonia, ARDs) of unknown etiology in which 2019-nCoV is being considered that requires hospitalization. Such persons should be evaluated in consultation with state and local health departments regardless of travel history.  

5 For persons with travel to China within 14 days that are being regularly monitored by local health departments or referred for evaluation from border screening, testing for nCoV can be considered at the discretion of the health officials for all persons with illness with fever and lower respiratory symptoms (those hospitalized and those not hospitalized).

**IF NO then STOP** here and continue evaluation for alternative diagnoses as clinically indicated. **IF YES and patient meets PUI criteria then immediately isolate patient, if not already isolated:**

- Place symptomatic patients with a positive travel history in an airborne isolation room, or private room with a closed door if an airborne isolate room is unavailable.

**Step 4: Implement following infection control procedures for healthcare workers:**

- NIOSH- approved respirators such as an N-95 respiratory or Positive Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR)
- Eye protection: face shield or goggles
- Gowns
- Gloves

**Step 5: Immediately contact and report the patient to the Santa Barbara County Public Health Department Disease Control Program**

- Call 24/7 at 805-681-5280 to report patient
- On call staff and health officer will advise of the next steps

**Step 6: If requested by PHD- Collect specimens for laboratory diagnosis**

- The PHD will work with CDPH Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory (VRDL) and the CDC to determine if patient meets criteria and will coordinate testing with the healthcare providers.
- If testing is required, lower respiratory, upper respiratory, and serum specimens will need to be collected and refrigerated. Please call 805-681-5280 (24/7) to have transport to Public Health Lab expedited.

**Step 7: Continue medical evaluation and empiric treatment for other causes of respiratory infection or pneumonia as clinically indicated.**

All patients with suspected nCoV-2019 infection may also be tested for common causes of respiratory infection and pneumonia as clinically indicated. Testing for other respiratory pathogens should not delay specimen collection for nCoV-2019 testing.

**Guidance & Resources:**

- Santa Barbara County Public Health Department- [Novel Coronavirus 2019](https://www.sbcounty.ca.gov/departments/publichealth/)
- CDC Information for Healthcare Professionals
- Cal/OSHA Interim Guidance for Protecting Health Care Workers

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