Housekeeping
Best Management Practices

Make sure that outdoor areas are regularly cleaned to prevent trash and other debris from polluting our creeks and ocean.

Selection of Best Management Practices

In order to comply with Santa Barbara County's Municipal Storm Water Permit, Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be employed at municipal facilities. BMPs may be selected from the options listed below or developed on a case-by-case basis as appropriate. Facilities with a Water Quality Protection Protocol (WQPP) should follow the BMPs stated in that protocol.

Practices

1. Never dispose of wash-water to storm drain, pavement or other storm water conveyances. Use the sanitary sewer to dispose of wash-water. Wash-water includes any liquid with cleaner or residual dirt and grime; examples include mop-water, floor-mat wash-water, window cleaning water, and all rinse water.

2. Clean floor mats, filters and trash containers in a designated area with a connection to the sanitary sewer such as mop sink or floor drain.

3. Rinse patio furniture, picnic tables and benches without cleaning agents, so flows can drain to areas where the water can soak into the soil and leave little residue. Use a bucket and rag to clean tables with cleaners. Always use a rag to remove cleaners, do not hose down area. Avoid getting runoff into storm drains or waterways that lead to creeks or the ocean.

4. Schedule regular cleaning to eliminate particulate and residue buildup of in both interior and exterior areas that collect debris. Keeping interior areas clean prevents the tracking of contaminants outdoors. Provide trash containers, when appropriate, to minimize littering.

5. Keep brooms, dustpans and trash cans readily accessible. For example place...
cleaning equipment near delivery locations and trash bins.

6. Provide designated smoking areas with cigarette butt containers. Clean containers as needed to encourage their use.

7. Promptly clean up any spill of liquid or solid wastes. Do not hose down an area to clean or handle a spill, unless the liquid will be completely contained, cleaned up and disposed of to sewer or offsite as appropriate for the waste type. There should no discharge to storm drains, landscape or to pavement.

8. Store equipment and supplies under cover whenever possible.

9. Cabinets and containers exposed to the weather must be made for exterior use; interior grade cabinets and containers will rust or deteriorate and contribute contaminants to storm water runoff, when exposed to weather.

10. Schedule regular cleaning of outside storage areas and yards, preferably before the start of the rain season. At least once a year, review the stock-piled equipment and supplies (materials). Often there are unusable materials at the back of the storage area. Usable materials should be stored to indicate possible use and to minimize contact with storm water. Unused or unusable material should be removed as soon as possible. Develop a plan to regularly dispose of unneeded materials.

11. Do not use drains without knowing whether they flow to the sanitary sewer, storm system or self-contained internal sump. Confirm before using drains to ensure proper disposal.

**Contractor Requirements**

12. Include specific contract language to inform the contractor that they must comply with federal, state and local storm water rules and regulations as required by the Clean Water Act. Amend existing contracts to include this language, if not already included.

13. Ensure that contractors provide the County with a copy of their storm water awareness training and procedures for protecting the storm water system. These procedures should cover activities from cleaning windows to painting an entire building.

Associated BMPs

- Alternative Safer Products
- Loading & Unloading
- Material & Hazardous Waste Storage
- Spill Control & Cleanup
- Storm Drains & Catch Basins
- Trash & Dumpster Management

Promptly cleanup all spills.
Employee Training

Training may include regular tailgate sessions with staff responsible for maintaining or managing a facility. Tailgate sessions should provide information on the selected storm water BMPs and methods for preventing discharge of pollutants into the storm drain system. Encourage employees to suggest modifications for existing BMPs and to create new BMPs; their suggestions will likely reduce labor and increase stormwater runoff protection. If the above suggested BMPs require some modification to work for you or do not cover some aspect of your operations or facility, call PCW at 568-3440 for assistance.

Storm water BMP training may be incorporated with other training sessions such as safety training. Facilities with a Storm Water Plan should follow the training requirements stated in that Plan. Records of the training sessions must be kept for at least three years. These records should include who conducted the training, who attended, subjects discussed, and the date(s) of the training.

For additional information on this and other BMPs, or the County's responsibilities under the NPDES Phase II federal regulations for storm water discharges, see www.countyofsbc.org/project_cleanwater or contact Project Clean Water staff at 568-3440.